

Learning Objectives

Students who complete this class will learn the basic concepts and mathematical techniques of Quantum Shannon Theory. They will learn the fundamental protocols of quantum information theory: direct coding, entanglement distribution, superdense coding and quantum teleportation. The various mathematical tools--including various distance measures and entropic quantities will be defined and explained. They will learn the resources used in quantum protocols: quantum and classical channels (noiseless and noisy), shared entanglement, shared randomness and private communication. They will also learn the trade-offs among these resources, and the definitions of the various channel capacities in quantum information theory. They will also learn about the computational difficulties surrounding many of these capacities, and open problems in our current understanding of quantum information theory.

Course Outline

<u>Week</u>	<u>Subjects</u>	<u>Text pages_& Homework</u>
1	Introduction; Classical Shannon Theory: compression and source coding; Shannon entropy; noisy channels and channel capacities; coding; mutual information.	Chapters 1 and 2
2	Review of Quantum theory: state vectors, qubits, the Bloch sphere, Pauli matrices, unitary transformations, measurement, composite systems and tensor products, quantum gates and circuits, entanglement and Bell inequalities.	Chapter 3
3	Noisy quantum states: ensembles and density matrices, evolution of density matrices, POVMs and generalized measurements, separability and entanglement, Kraus maps and quantum instruments, noisy quantum channels, purifications.	Chapters 4 and 5 HW 1 due
4	Unit quantum protocols: entanglement distribution, elementary encoding, superdense coding, quantum teleportation. Resource inequalities.	Chapter 6 HW 2 due
5	Coherent protocols. Capacity regions.	Chapters 7 and 8
6	Tools of Quantum Shannon Theory: distance measures, classical information and entropies, quantum information and entropies.	Chapters 9, 10 and 11 HW 3 due

Week _____ **Subjects** _____ **Text, pages_& Homework**

7 Classical typicality: typical sets, typical sequences, Shannon compression, weak and strong typicality, joint typicality, conditional typicality. Chapter 13
HW 4 due

8 Quantum typicality: typical subspaces, bipartite and multipartite states, conditional quantum typicality, weak and strong quantum typicality, joint and conditional quantum typicality. Chapter 14

9 Schumacher compression. **Midterm Exam.** Chapter 17

Spring Break, 17-21 March 2014.

10 The method of types for classical and quantum systems. Types, type classes and typical type classes. Chapters 13
and 14

11 Entanglement concentration. Chapter 18
HW 5 due

12 Classical communication over noisy quantum channels. Holevo information, and classical capacity. Examples of quantum channels. Superadditivity of classical capacity. Chapter 19
HW 6 due

13 Classical communication over entanglement-assisted quantum channels. Capacity theorem. Chapter 20

14 Coherent communication with noisy resources: entanglement-assisted quantum communication; quantum communication. Chapter 21
HW 7 due

15 Noisy superdense coding; resource trade-offs and trade-off coding. Open problems. Chapter 21
HW 8 due

Academic Integrity

“The University, as an instrument of learning, is predicated on the existence of an environment of integrity. As members of the academic community, faculty, students, and administrative officials share the responsibility for maintaining this environment. Faculties have the primary responsibility for establishing and maintaining an atmosphere and attitude of academic integrity such that the enterprise may flourish in an open and honest way. Students share this responsibility for maintaining standards of academic performance and classroom behavior conducive to the learning process. Administrative officials are responsible for the establishment and maintenance of procedures to support and enforce those academic standards. Thus, the entire University community bears

the responsibility for maintaining an environment of integrity and for taking appropriate action to sanction individuals involved in any violation. When there is a clear indication that such individuals are unwilling or unable to support these standards, they should not be allowed to remain in the University.” (Faculty Handbook, 1994:20)

Academic dishonesty includes: (Faculty Handbook, 1994: 21-22)

Examination behavior – any use of external assistance during an examination shall be considered academically dishonest unless expressly permitted by the teacher.

Fabrication – any intentional falsification or invention of data or citation in an academic exercise will be considered a violation of academic integrity.

Plagiarism – the appropriation and subsequent passing off of another’s ideas or words as one’s own. If the words or ideas of another are used, acknowledgment of the original source must be made through recognized referencing practices.

Other Types of Academic Dishonesty – submitting a paper written by or obtained from another, using a paper or essay in more than one class without the teacher’s express permission, obtaining a copy of an examination in advance without the knowledge and consent of the teacher, changing academic records outside of normal procedures and/or petitions, using another person to complete homework assignments or take-home exams without the knowledge or consent of the teacher.

The use of unauthorized material, communication with fellow students for course assignments, or during a mid-term examination, attempting to benefit from work of another student, past or present and similar behavior that defeats the intent of an assignment or mid-term examination, is unacceptable to the University. It is often difficult to distinguish between a culpable act and inadvertent behavior resulting from the nervous tensions accompanying examinations. Where a clear violation has occurred, however, the instructor may disqualify the student’s work as unacceptable and assign a failing mark on the paper.

Students with Disabilities

Any student requesting academic accommodations based on a disability is required to register with Disability Services and Programs (DSP) each semester. A letter of verification for approved accommodations can be obtained from DSP. Please be sure the letter is delivered to me as early in the semester as possible. Your letter must be specific as to the nature of any accommodations granted. DSP is located in STU 301 and is open 8:30 am to 5:30 pm, Monday through Friday. The telephone number for DSP is (213) 740-0776.